

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

VOL. VI—NO. 131.

MAYSVILLE, KY., FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 1887.

PRICE ONE CENT.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS WILL CURE

HEADACHE
INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS
DYSPEPSIA
NERVOUS PROSTRATION
MALARIA
CHILLS AND FEVERS
TIRED FEELING
GENERAL DEBILITY
PAIN IN THE BACK & SIDES
IMPURE BLOOD
CONSTIPATION
FEMALE INFIRMITIES
RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
KIDNEY AND LIVER
TROUBLES

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS
The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed Red
Lines on wrapper.

TAKE NO OTHER.

YOU

ARE

INVITED

To call at the Mammoth Furniture Store of
HENRY ORT, to inspect his large
stock of

FURNITURE

In the newest styles, which will be offered
prices uniformly low on every
article.

Do You Want Anything

—In the way of—

CHAIRS,

Chamber and Parlor Suits
in the Very Latest
Styles,

Lounges, Folding Beds, Sideboards, Book
Cases, Wardrobes, or any other article in the
line of Household Furniture? If so, it will
be economy for you to call on

HENRY ORT,

Second St., — Maysville.

JOHN WHEELER,

—Dealer in—

FISH, GAME

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Celery, Canned
Goods, &c. Norfolk Oysters received every
twenty-four hours.

MISS ANNA FRAZER,
NOVELTY STORE.

—Dealer in—

DRY GOODS and NOTIONS.

I have always on hand full supply of
School Books, and have just received a large
assortment of new millinery goods.

The Northeastern Kentucky

Telephone Company

has connection with the following places
Maysville, Mayfield, Helena, Shannon, Sar-
dia and Mt. Olivet.
Office in Maysville: Parker & Hopper's
corner Second and Sutton streets.

and Whiskey Hab-
bit. M. WOOLLEY, M. D.
Atlanta, Ga. 1886.
Whitehall Street.

COMMISSIONERS AT WORK.

PETITIONS PRESENTED BY THE PA-
CIFIC RAILROAD COMPANIES.

The Interstate Commerce Commissioners
Discover That They Have Plenty to Do.
Numerous Telegrams Received Daily.

Death of Major John E. Blaine.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The Southern
Pacific railroad company presented to the
interstate commerce commission this morn-
ing a petition which sets forth that the cor-
poration is in competition in the matter of
through passengers and freights with the
Canadian Pacific railroad, the mail steamship
clippers and tramp steamers, and that the
business, while practically of the same char-
acter, is done under dissimilar conditions.
The Transcontinental railroad, in conjunction
with the Southern Pacific railroad, have
agreed upon two tariffs; one based upon the
assumption that the fourth section of the law
does apply, and the other does not apply to
business for which the lines compete.

The petitioners argue at length that in case
they should adhere to the first schedule the
result would be the loss of a greater part of
through business, and that the effect of this
schedule has been to reduce the through busi-
ness 90 per cent. On the other hand they
claim that if the rates for intermediate local
traffic should be reduced to rates not greater
than those necessary to enable the petitioners
to do any considerable part of the through
business the earnings of the railroad com-
panies would be wholly inadequate to pay
expenses. In view of these facts the trans-
continental lines, before putting into effect
such tariff as they deem the law demands,
invoke the suspension of the long and short
haul clause, and ask that they be permitted
to charge less for longer than for shorter
hauls.

Mr. Charles H. Tweed, of New York, in
support of the petition presented by the
Southern Pacific railroad company, ad-
dressed the commission. In answer to a
question by Commissioner Cooley, he said
that his road had not prepared a schedule of
rates for submission to the commission for
the reason that if their prayers were granted,
the Canadian Pacific railroad would cut
charges, so that the relief would be only tem-
porary.

General Eastern Agent Hawley, of the
Southern Pacific railroad, testified in sup-
port of the petition that the rates of the
carriers named in the petition were so low that
they were simply ruinous; and to meet this
competition the Pacific road had either
to meet these low rates or lose all the busi-
ness. At present, he said, on account of the
new law, all freight from the east to the
west was being transported by the Canadian
Pacific road, by Clipper ships and the Pa-
cific Mail company's steamers. He was sub-
jected to a searching cross-examination by
Mr. E. N. Taft, of New York, representing
the Clipper lines. Ex-Senator Van Wyck
also took a hand in the examination, asking
particularly about freights from Omaha.

Mr. A. T. Britton representing the Atch-
ison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, presented
a petition and spoke in support of it. He
took the ground that under the law the clip-
per vessels had fixed their rates just low
enough to secure business, but that those
rates were of no advantage to shippers.
After setting forth the hardship under which
the railroad was placed by the operation of
the law, Mr. Britton closed by asking that
his road be allowed to charge less for a long
than for a short haul.

Ex-Secretary Belknap, on behalf of the
St. Louis & San Francisco railroad, pre-
sented a petition that if they were not re-
lieved from the operations of the fourth
section of the law they could not compete
with water routes in carrying the produc-
tions of California.

Col. George Gray, representing the North-
ern Pacific railroad, gave notice that he
would file a petition of similar purport.

Mr. Goddard, assistant general manager of
the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe road, lo-
cated at Topeka, stated that since the passage
of the interstate commerce law, rates have
been materially advanced by the Clipper and
tramp vessels doing business between Cali-
fornia and New York and Boston. Having
charge of all freight business he could state
from personal observation, that since the
passage of the law his road had done abso-
lutely no through business from California
to the east, as they could not under the law
meet the rates charged by water routes. In
answer to Commissioner Walker, Mr. God-
dard said that a general conference in Chi-
cago, a few weeks ago, between all of the
Pacific railroad officers, through rates were
advanced perhaps three-fold.

The former rate on sugar from San
Francisco to Kansas City was sixty cents per 100
pounds; now it is \$1.45 per 100 pounds, which
was in keeping with the new schedule
adopted. In reply to a question by ex-Senator
Van Wyck, he stated that the rates in
Kansas were fixed by consultation between
the railroad commission of Kansas and the
railroad officials. In reply to Commissioner
Cooley, Mr. Goddard stated that in his opinion
no relief was necessary or desired, for
fresh fruit; perhaps relief was wanted for
canned goods. The time required from Cali-
fornia to New York for freights was about
twenty-three days.

Mr. E. N. Taft presented a petition of Sutton
& Co., of New York, protesting against
suspending the fourth section of the bill in
the interest of the railroads as it would
destroy the clipper carrying trade of the coun-
try, against which the transcontinental lines
had waged unrelenting war.

Telegrams were received by the interstate
commerce commission this morning signed
by numerous fruit growers of Santa Clara
county, California, earnestly asking the com-
mission to give them competition by quick
transit, as the fruit could not be shipped at
the present absolutely prohibitory rates; also
from J. Brandall, manager of the Alexander
quicksilver mine of California, saying as
their product comes into competition with
Spanish quicksilver in the New York market,
the rates for transcontinental passage

are so high that California quicksilver is
shut out of the market; from C. M. Wicker,
of Chicago, asking to be heard in reply to
the transcontinental lines on the suspension
of the long and short haul clause;

from the president of the Manufacturers'
association of San Francisco asking that action on the fourth section, as

regards transcontinental lines, be deferred
until a memorial to the chamber of commerce

be received from the Manufacturers'

Association of San Francisco the following

resolutions: "That the general good of the

people of the Pacific coast, particularly in

their manufacturing and industrial pursuits,

will be promoted by the interstate commerce

act, and especially by the enforcement of the

fourth section;" from numerous fruit dealers

of San Francisco asking the suspension of the

fourth section so their fruit may be shipped

east; and from the chamber of commerce of

San Francisco asking exception of such in-

dustry and special cases as absolutely re-

quire rapid transit.

Death of Major John E. Blaine.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—A dispatch re-
ceived at the war department announces the
death this morning at Hot Springs, Ark., of
Maj. John E. Blaine, the younger brother of

James G. Blaine.

Excitement in Mexico's Capital

Interesting Session of the House of De-
puties Over the Selection of a President.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 22.—There was

another exciting session of the house of de-
puties last evening upon the constitutional

amendment looking to the selection of Diaz.

The three tiers of galleries allotted to the

public were packed, and many were refused

admittance, such was the pressure. The audi-
tors were very demonstrative. Cheers and

hisses were intermingled, but in accordance

with the Mexican custom there was no inter-
ference with the expression of sentiment from

the galleries.

Burnings Express Train.

NEW YORK, April 22.—A fire broke out

on the Southern & Boston express train on

the Pennsylvania railway yesterday evening

a few minutes after it left the Broad street

station in Philadelphia for this city. The

gas which had escaped from a leaking pipe

in the closet of one of the cars had become

ignited. The train was running at the rate

of thirty miles an hour, and the flames were

fanned so that one corner of the car was ab-
laze before the train was stopped. Volunteer

firemen armed themselves with fire extin-
guishers from the Pullman palace cars and

soon put out the fire. The car belonged to

the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Balti-
more Railroad company. It was crowded

with passengers who were panic stricken when

the fire was discovered.

Two Men Fall Five Stories.

CORNELLVILLE, Ind., April 22.—Despite

frequent warnings not to use the elevator in

the Cooley & Morrison furniture factory,

three men, Robert Hampson, William Barkus

and John McCormick—this morning

attempted to ascend. The rickety old struc-
ture had reached the fifth floor when the

rotten rope parted and the elevator fell swift

as a flash to the basement, shattering it into

fragments. Hampson was instantly killed.

He was a man of thirty, residing in Frank-
lin county. A widow and three children

survive him. William Barkus, aged fifty-
five, sustained a broken back and other in-
juries, and will die. His family of wife and

children live in Liberty, Ind. John McCormick

was so badly hurt that his recovery is

doubtful.

Prohibition in Texas Politics.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 22.—Congressman

Culbertson's letter favoring prohibition, is

considered by the temperance people a pow-
erful document, and a report that he will

stamp the state has elated the Prohibitionists.

Prominent Republicans have called a

meeting with a view to determine what pos-
ition the Republicans, as a party, will take

on the question. J. B. Rector, of this city,

chairman of the State Republican Executive

committee, is averse to the Republicans as

a party, taking either side, but it is believed

that the party will declare against prohibi-
tion.

As John Cochran, the Republican can-
didate for governor in the last election, and

other prominent Republicans, are already in

the field against prohibition.

Murder in Jail.

NICHOLASVILLE, Ky., April 22.—Joe Shel-
ton, in jail here for the murder of his mother

at Keene, near here, last fall, this morning

at 7 o'clock added another murder to his

string. Sheldon was joking with Sam Mil-
lion when he was angered by some remark,

and jumping to his feet wrenched the iron

side bar of one of the cell beds from its fast-
enings, and dealt Milion a terrific blow on

the head, instantly killing him. Both were

colored. Sheldon at the examination for the

murder of his mother was pronounced in-

guilty.

Stove Molders' Troubles Extending.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 22.—The execu-
tive committee of the Second, Third and

Fourth districts of the Stove Founders' Na-
tional Defense association, has decided that

the patterns of foundries where strikes are

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE DAILY BULLETIN will be delivered to any part of the city at 6 cents a week, or one year for \$3.

THE DAILY BULLETIN to any postoffice in the United States, postage prepaid, at twenty-five cents per month or three dollars per year.

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 22, 1887.

Democratic Convention.

We are authorized by Judge E. Whittaker to say that the Democratic convention to select delegates to represent Mason County in the State Convention in Louisville, May 4, 1887, will be held in this city, at 1 o'clock, Saturday, April 23, 1887. This is published in answer to numerous inquiries on the subject.

THE Gubernatorial fight in Bracken is between Hines and Berry, with the Judge far in the lead.

THE Buckner men in Bourbon cavort around as though they thought Senator Harris ought to have kept out of that county.

THE Democrats of Kentucky will select delegates to-morrow to the State convention, and the fight will be red hot in a great many counties.

COVINGTON has legislated the cows off her streets, or rather has passed an ordinance for that purpose. A violation of the law is punished by a fine of from \$3 to \$20.

THE means that Senator Harris' enemies have resorted to to down him in Fayette, Clark and other counties show they are frightened out of their boots, and fear defeat.

MADISONVILLE, Ky., has organized a stock company with a capital of \$100,000, to deal in realty and to advertise and boom the place. It looks like \$100,000 ought to get up a pretty good-sized boom.

JUDGE HOUSTRON, of Boyd County, has telegraphed to a friend here that he is a candidate in earnest for Register of the Land Office. He is said to be a staunch Democrat, and a worthy gentleman, every way qualified for the office.

THE Union Labor party, at Covington, will have a full ticket in the field for all the local offices at the next election. The Democrats are reported ready for the contest, and are glad of an opportunity to test the strength of the new party.

EX-GOVERNOR JACOB D. COX, of Ohio, thinks the Inter-State Commerce law will usher in "a new era of commercial prosperity." He suggests that the "general public just hold their horses," and give the bill a fair chance to get in its work.

WE expect good news from the county conventions throughout the State to-morrow. Senator Harris is undoubtedly in the lead for Governor, judging by the tone of our exchanges. Nothing but combinations can keep him out of the nomination.

JUDGE M. H. HOUSTRON, of Boyd County, is a candidate for Register of the Land Office, and is a man every way fitted for the place. He trusts the Democrats of Mason will remember this Saturday, and he will appreciate any favors they may show him.

IT is estimated that four hundred and forty miles of railroad will be built in Kentucky this year. A few years with such a record and the old Commonwealth will be "jerked out of the rut," and will be gliding smoothly along on wheels. Railroads are the one thing needed to make Kentucky one of the richest States in all this broad land.

THE firm of Proctor & Gamble, soap manufacturers of Cincinnati, have made arrangements with their employees whereby the latter are all to share in the profits of the enterprise from this time on. This is a item of news that is not often chronicled now-a-days. The spirit manifested by the firm in this move will undoubtedly be adopted by others, and profit-sharing by employer and employee may become more general.

REPORTS from Harrison indicate that the Democratic convention to come off at Cynthiana to-morrow will be more exciting and warmly contested than any that has ever taken place in that county.

"The Buckner men have been claiming everything," says a correspondent of the Covington Commonwealth, "for their champion with a bravado and confidence surprising to behold. The Harris men, upon the contrary, have been modest in their demeanor and conceded almost everything that the Buckner men claimed but have been, nevertheless, getting in very effective work for their man in a quiet way, and I should not, from present utterances, be surprised if this county sent a solid delegation in favor of Harris to the Louisville convention."

A Suggestion.

The Democrats of Mason County ought to settle their troubles at home. We are opposed to taking our quarrels to Louisville, and it will be to the interest of all to make some concessions. The party in this county is not in a condition to indulge in these factious quarrels. All will recognize the truth of this.

While we honestly and firmly believe Senator Harris has carried this county, and is entitled to the delegation at Louisville, and will have it, if the present state of affairs continue, still, in the interest of harmony in the ranks here at home, we think the contest in precinct No. 2 had better be compromised. It can be done, and it should be done; and it will be done if the friends of Senator Harris and Judge Hines have the welfare of the party here in Mason County at heart.

All will admit that the contest in precinct No. 2 was exceedingly close. If the vote of that precinct be divided, the convention to-morrow will stand twenty-eight for Senator Harris and twenty-six for Judge Hines. The county is entitled to thirteen delegates in the Louisville convention. All things considered, wouldn't it be best to settle the matter here? Give Senator Harris seven of the votes and Judge Hines six, with the understanding that, in case one withdraws or is dropped, the other is to have the entire delegation. It must be conceded that this would be an exceedingly fair and just divide, and an equitable settlement of the trouble.

This is wholly and entirely a suggestion of our own, and we do not know whether Senator Harris' friends and leaders will sanction what we say. We earnestly espouse the Senator's cause, but have not consulted his managers here as to this suggestion. We offer it in the interest of harmony, and for this purpose alone. We think it best for all, and we trust that both factions will see the wisdom of this and take some action at once.

We are for harmony first, Senator Harris next, and then for Judge Hines.

One Word for Senator Harris.

HON. C. J. BRONSTON, Commonwealth's Attorney for the Fayette County district, made a speech at Lexington the other evening to an enthusiastic crowd. It was a political speech, and during his remarks he said: "One word for Mr. Harris and I have done. Mr. Chairman, I have known Mr. Harris from my childhood. He has always been my personal friend, and in my earliest youthful aspirations he and his lamented father were my warmest friends. His life, civil, social and political, are familiarly and thoroughly known to me. Politically, I assure you he has always been the most active, liberal and earnest worker in our county. Whenever his party called either for his time, services, or means, he has responded. I personally know all the facts connected with his votes for Burnham and Ballard, and not only did those votes not effect his Democracy in Madison, but had he failed to cast them he would have sacrificed his manhood and lost the respect of his friends. After both of these votes were cast he was elected to and served as chairman of the Democratic county committee and member of the State executive committee for many years, with credit to himself and satisfaction to his party. As a citizen, he has been public spirited, liberal, law-abiding and worthy. As a man, he received a collegiate education, but has spent his whole life successfully as a hard-working and attentive farmer. He is hospitable and kind as a neighbor. No man, be he laborer, mechanician, lawyer, preacher, or doctor, has ever failed to receive from him that cordial reception, which his merits deserved. Firm, steadfast, and true in his friendships, should he be elected Governor, I can safely promise a faithful performance of the trust, and whilst in office you will not be forced to gain entrance to the sanctum through courtesy of wealth, prominence and red tape, but the humblest one of your number can present your cause, with the assurance that if worthy it shall be heard. But permit me for him to say that whatever may be the result of this campaign, he will never cease to be grateful to you and the good people of Kentucky for the encouragement extended to him."

THE following quotations fairly represent our market for me: burley:

Dark trash	2.00 to	\$3.00
Color trash	3.00 to	4.00
Common lugs, not color	3.00 to	4.00
Color lugs	4.50 to	6.00
Common leaf, not color	4.00 to	5.50
Good leaf	6.00 to	9.00
Fine leaf	10.00 to	15.00

There Shall be no Alps.

When Napoleon talked of invading Italy one of his officers said: "But, sire, remember the Alps." To an ordinary man these would have seemed simply insurmountable, but Napoleon responded eagerly: "There shall be no Alps." So the famous Simplon pass was made. Disease, like a mountain, stands in the way of fame, fortune and honor to many who by Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" might be healed and so the mountain would disappear. It is specific for all blood, chronic lung and liver diseases, such as consumption (which is scrofula of the lungs), pimpls, blotches, eruptions, tumors, swellings, fever-sores and kindred complaints.

W. A. WALKER has been given three years in the penitentiary by the Bourbon Circuit Court for burglary.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. C. Pecor & Co.

Wonderful Cures.

W. D. HOYT & CO., Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., says: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve for two years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always. Sold by J. C. Pecor & Co.

A Captain's Fortunate Discovery.

Capt. COLEMAN, schr. Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the extreme soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner. Free trial bottles of this standard remedy at the drug stores of J. C. Pecor & Co., and S. P. Campbell, & Co., of Aberdeen Ohio.

Stenography.

Am prepared to give thorough instruction in short-hand and type-writing. Also copying, and furnishing stenographic reports of sermons and speeches. Terms reasonable. Miss CUMMINGS.

Fourth St., bet. Limestone and Plum.

Free Treatment.

Free treatment—at office only—on Tuesdays and Fridays, from ten to eleven o'clock, of all who are unable to pay.

DR. H. M. MARSH,

alld&wtf

"Cox building."

TOBACCO MARKET.

Louisville by Glover & Durrett, proprietors.

The sales on our market for the week just closed amount to 1,421 bbls, with receipts for the same period of 1,088 bbls. Sales on the market since January 1, amount to \$3,945 bbls. We have called to the market to receive a portion of light receipts and sales, especially of burley tobacco. The character of the offerings, if possible, have been poorer in proportion to the quantity than at any previous time during the year. The market has been animated and prices are a little stronger, for all grades, than they were last week. Old burleys have sympathized fully with the advance in prices of the new. The Spanish contract has been awarded to the same party who had it last year.

The following quotations fairly represent our market for me: burley:

Dark trash

Color trash

Common lugs, not color

Color lugs

Common leaf, not color

Good leaf

Fine leaf

RETAIL MARKET.

Coffee 10d

Molasses, new crop, per gal

Golden Syrup

Sorghum, Fancy New

Sugar, yellow 10d

Sugar, extra C. 10d

Sugar A. 10d

Sugar, granulated 10d

Sugar, powdered, per lb.

Tea, New Orleans, 10d

Oil, refined light 10d

Apples, per peck

Bacon, breakfast 10d

Bacon, clear sides, per lb.

Bacon, Ham, 10d

Bacon, Shoulders, per lb.

Beef, 10d

Chickens, each

Eggs, 10d

Flour, Limestone, per barrel

Flour, Old Gold, per barrel

Flour, Mayville, Fancy, per barrel

Flour, Mayville, Common, per barrel

Flour, Royal Estate, per barrel

Flour, Mayville Family, per barrel

Flour, Graham, per sack

Honey, per lb.

Hominy, 10d

Meal, 10d

Lard, 10d

Onions, per peck

Potatoes, 10d

Apples, per peck

Bacon, breakfast 10d

Bacon, clear sides, per lb.

Bacon, Ham, 10d

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FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 22, 1887.

River News.

Falling at Pittsburg.
New River falling and Big Sandy rising.
The heavy rains last night and this morning will keep the river up for some time.

The Big Sandy is due up for Pomoroy, and the Andes for Wheeling at 12 o'clock to-night.

General Pike down this afternoon, Bonanza at 6 p. m., and Telegraph at midnight.

The Coal City lost \$5,000 worth of coal by colliding with the Pan Handle bridge at Steubenville.

The Pittsburg coal fleet will make things on the river rather lively this evening or to-morrow.

William Holloway has resigned his position in the pilot-house of the Boston, and is succeeded by Eph Talbert.

EMPSON's fruit tablets—Calhoun's.

DANIEL GREEN, of this city, has been granted a pension.

CHOICE French prunes, eight cents per pound, at G. W. Geisel's.

JUDGE PHISTER, accompanied by his wife, has gone to Hot Springs.

FISH, 8 and 10 cents, dressed; 6 cents not dressed, at John Wheeler's.

Mrs. J. H. KAPPES was reported better this morning, and is improving.

FOURTY-FOUR head of fine cattle were sold at Lexington, Wednesday, for \$4,185.

M. A. SWIFT, who has been confined to his room for the past two weeks, is out again.

DAULTON BROTHERS' and Joseph H. Dodson's new buildings are being pushed to completion.

WILLIAM CURTIS has been indicted at Mt. Olivet for the murder of John L. Taylor last fall.

CAPTAIN BRYANT, of Augusta, will soon take charge of a boat in the Ripley and Cincinnati trade.

THE Bracken Republican says John Robinson's circus is a good show, and gave general satisfaction.

The old building known as the Smith slaughter house, in the hollow back of the jail, fell down the other day.

WILL GIBSON was at Augusta the other day repairing the telegraph line, and making some changes in the office at that point.

A MEETING will be held in the courthouse Wednesday, April 27th, for the purpose of organizing a lodge of the Sons of Veterans.

C. L. SLICER, who cracked his uncle's safe at Elizaville not long ago, is reported to be in Denver, Col. He passed through this place in his flight.

THE Superior Court has overruled the petition for a rehearing in the case of the Commonwealth against Judge Coons, taken up from this county.

The grand jury has indicted Robert Wilson, colored, for burglarizing Sorries & Son's gun store not long ago. Wilson is in jail in default of \$500 bail.

Rev. J. M. EVANS is still engaged in a protracted meeting in one of the Presbyterian churches of Louisville. There have been twenty-nine additions.

DR. PIERCE'S "Favorite Prescription" is everywhere acknowledged to be the standard remedy for female complaints and weaknesses. It is sold by druggists.

THE Lexington Transcript says the building associations there are doing a lively business. The two here are doing Maysville more good than any enterprise in it.

HON. JAMES BARBOUR, Judge of the Superior Court, and Mrs. Chenault were married at Newcastle, Ky., on the 20th of this month. Judge Bennett and other State notables were present.

THE case of Gastineau against the Kentucky Central Railroad Company for \$25,000 damages for killing plaintiff's son is on trial at Lexington. A previous trial resulted in a verdict for \$5,000, but the Court of Appeals reversed the decision.

THOMAS TURNER, a young colored man of Mayslick, was taken before Judge Coons yesterday under a writ of lunacy. The fellow's head had been troubling him some time, but two physicians who were summoned to testify were unable to decide whether the man was crazy or not. He was placed in charge of his friends to await further developments.

ORGANIZED

And Ready for Business—Maysville Natural Gas Company Elects Board of Directors.

A meeting of those interested in the organization of the Maysville Natural Gas Company was held in the Council Chamber last night. It was well attended, and the organization of the company was effected.

The meeting was called to order by County Clerk Ball. Several subscriptions to the stock were reported, making in all \$4,070.

M. C. Russell moved that the company be organized with the stock then taken, and the motion was carried. It was next moved and carried that the organization be effected by the election of seven directors.

The following were placed in nomination: M. C. Russell, W. W. Ball, C. H. White, C. S. Leach, W. B. Mathews, P. P. Parker, R. A. Carr, Henry Ort, H. H. Collins, L. M. Lane, Dr. T. H. N. Smith, J. F. Robinson, F. S. Owens, J. H. Rogers, A. M. J. Cochran, John H. Hall, G. S. Wall, Robert Ficklin, S. B. Oldham, D. Hechinger.

Mr. Hechinger withdrew his name, stating that he had no time to attend to the business. Mr. Russell, also, withdrew his name.

It was decided to elect by ballot, and Messrs. Thomas A. Davis and M. C. Russell were appointed tellers. The balloting resulted in the election of the following: W. W. Ball, John H. Hall, Robert Ficklin, C. H. White, W. B. Mathews, F. S. Owens and L. M. Lane.

A meeting of the directors will be held in the County Clerk's office at 4 o'clock this afternoon for the election of officers and the transaction of other business.

HOWARD LOGAN was in town yesterday. He has left Rowan County and is now living in Ashland.

THE Maysville District Conference of the M. E. Church, South, will be held at Nepton, Fleming County, beginning on the 8th of next June.

S. P. MORGAN and Mary White, of Carter County, came down on the Handy No. 2 this morning, and were married by Squire Beasley at Aberdeen.

MOSE DAULTON & Bro. will ship five coach horses to-day for Nathan Bayless, of Bourbon County. Three of them were bought of James Jennings, of Minerva.

THE Kentucky Central, main line, is getting up quite a "rep" for fast running. Huntington's special train made ninety-nine miles the other day in one hour and fifty-seven minutes, running time.

THE unpleasant sensation to delicate eyes, experienced after reading or working for a considerable time, especially by artificial light, is entirely obviated by using Diamond Spectacles—every pair warranted or money refunded. For sale by Ballenger, Jeweler.

A PARTY who has traveled through Bourbon, Scott and Harrison counties lately reports the wheat crop not near so good as it was last year. In a journey of one hundred and twenty-five miles, he saw about a dozen plant beds, and says there will be a big falling off in the tobacco crop.

DAN SIDWELL, who lives near Logan's Gap, tells the following toad story: "Last winter a toad got into a barrel of water at his house, and the water froze solid with the toad embedded in it. About three weeks afterwards the ice melted and his toadship jumped out and hopped off as if nothing extraordinary had happened."

C. P. HUNTINGTON has bought a big slice of real estate at Covington. He has closed a bargain for the Montgomery landing, coal yards, coal offices, and everything connected with Montgomery & Singleton's coal business, for \$150,000. A portion of the property was needed for the new C. and O. bridge, and the

correspondent of the Enquirer says the purchasers paid about four times as much as all of it was worth.

THE work of driving piles for the railroad along Front street is progressing as well as could be expected, considering the inconveniences with which the workmen have to contend. The outer row of piles will be completed in a few days, but about one third of the work only will then be done. Two additional rows are to be put down on the inside, but the job will not be so difficult, as the driver will be worked from the top of the bank.

THE grand jury reported seven indictments yesterday. They are as follows:

George Wood, carrying concealed weapons, Joseph Diener, selling liquor to a minor, Wm. Watkins, unlawful gaming.

Duke Hill, cock fighting, Seymour Porter, same offense, W. W. Watkins, same offense.

Wm. Fawcett, keeping a house for chicken fighting.

Bench warrants were issued against the parties allowing them to give ball in the sum of \$100. The jury is still in session.

EDUCATIONAL

The Duties and Responsibilities of Teachers, Trustees and County Superintendent.

Address Read at a Meeting of the Teachers of the Twelfth Educational District.

All intelligent teachers know their duties, and all conscientious ones perform them to the best of their abilities, but the fewest number fully realize the extent of the responsibilities resting upon themselves as instructors of the young. A good many teachers lack conscience more than intelligence; that is, they know their duties better than they perform them. If such thoroughly understand the responsibilities of their profession, they might hesitate to shirk its duties.

Teachers, in a great measure, make society what we find it. Character is mainly formed during pupilage—from six to twenty—and the children you are instructing to-day will form the society of their respective neighborhoods twenty years hence, and the state of that society will depend greatly upon the character of your teaching. You teach in two ways—by precept and by example—and as children learn more readily from example than from precept, your every-day conduct will give shape to the moral characters of your pupils, and, unless your example be worthy of imitation, your moral precept will be lost.

The precious child, the bright boy, is intrusted to your care and keeping to be educated. You mould the plastic mind; you instruct him in the various branches of learning; you bend the tender, pliant twig; you are shaping the life course of that boy, but how are you shaping it? For what are you shaping it? Are you shaping it for good, or evil? For time only, or for both time and eternity? Are you giving your entire attention to the cultivation of his intellect, or are you doing your whole duty by training him morally, physically, and intellectually? The moral training of the child is your first and most imperative duty, and herein lies your greatest responsibility.

But let us vary the programme and look a little farther to see if there are not others who have duties and responsibilities in the matter of educating the young. The County Superintendent of Schools is Chairman of the County Board of Examiners. He appoints the other two members and it is the duty of this board to examine all persons who apply for certificates to teach the public schools of the county, and to refuse those who do not come up to the required standard of learning &c., or whose morals are defective. So you see that the County Board of Examiners are responsible for the quality of the teachers in the public schools in their county, except as to those holding State certificates.

Trustees, too, have important duties and grave responsibilities. They provide school rooms, employ teachers, make reports &c. When they fail to provide comfortable houses, or, through ignorance or stinginess, employ third class teachers for first class schools, which is often done, their responsibilities become apparent. Most generally, however, the County Board of Examiners are censured where second or third class teachers fail to give satisfaction in first class schools.

Parents owe it as a duty to their God, to their children, and to society to educate their children, and with free schools and free text-books for poor children, the responsibility for failing to do so is fearful. Some parents think to excuse duty and to ease conscience by sending their children to school a few days each session, just long enough to find out that the teacher is a very poor scholar, that his discipline is bad, that he is partial, and that he is of no account generally, seeking thus to throw the responsibility upon the teacher. Not long since, one of those chronic grumblers and fault-finders said to me, "Why is it that you give John Smith a certificate? He isn't a scholar." I did not ask the complainant if he considered himself a competent judge of John Smith's qualifications, but, I was greatly tempted to do so. I have observed, and doubtless most of you have, that in nine cases out of every ten it is the illiterate man or woman who is first to discover the teacher's ignorance.

Teachers, yours is a high, a noble calling, second to none in the land. Your duties are many and your responsibilities are great, but your pay is shamefully insignificant, and your labors are not justly appreciated. However, a better time is coming; indeed, we are beginning to feel its effects now. The new revenue bill will add about fifty cents to the present per capita, and this will increase your pay. Four years ago the average salary of the teachers of this county—Fleming—was about twenty-one dollars per month; now it is about thirty dollars per month. This has been brought about mainly by rigid examinations, thus driving from the profession incompetent teachers, who could afford to work for trifling pay, but who were dear at any price. The friends of education are everywhere moving—working earnestly, zealously in the cause—and a grand boom is in the near future.

Study the duties of your profession diligently, perform them faithfully, and an approving conscience will go far toward supplying the deficiency in your pay.

MILFORD OVERLEY,
County Superintendent of Fleming Co.

Removal.

DR. G. M. Williams has removed his dental office to building on Third street, adjoining Dr. Shackleford's office.

Shackleford's Pharmacy.

Most attractive store in town—in "Cox Building." Fine old wines and liquors for medical purposes. Pure drugs, Toilet articles in great variety.

ROBINSON's circus didn't show at Vanceburg yesterday. They were behind time and went on through to Greenup.

CITY ITEMS.

Try Langdon's City Butter Crackers.

All kinds of seed, sweet and other potatoes at George H. Heiser. 562 W.

Easter cards—new and beautiful designs—at G. W. Blatterman & Co.

Ask your grocer for Foerster's City Butter Crackers. They are the best.

A full supply of school books always on hand. Give us a call.

J. C. PECK & Co.

Our display of seasonable dry goods is very fine. Remember we are never undersold.

PAUL HOEFLICH & BRO.

D. Hunt & Son have the handsomest display of carpets in the city. Their prices are the lowest. See them.

Carpets, carpets—The handsomest line ever seen in Maysville at positively the lowest price. PAUL HOEFLICH & BRO.

D. Hunt & Son's stock of dress goods, Scotch zephyrs and satineens are acknowledged to be the finest ever seen in this city. See them.

REMOVAL.—Miss Lou Powling has removed her millinery and notion store to the January Block, in the store-room formerly occupied by M. A. Eunyon. She has just received a nice lot of fancy yarns.

22d m

COOPER'S HALL.—Riffe & Henderson, the prescription druggists, are paying special attention to the prescription business, and have a stock of drugs, medicines and chemicals which they guarantee to be the best. Pure wine and liquors, toilet articles and stationery of every description, sponges and chamois, face powder and perfumes, imported tooth brushes, &c. Give them a call and be convinced that you can save money. Prescriptions filled day or night by competent men.

Riffe & Henderson.

Despite Not the Day of Small Things.

Little things may help a man to rise—a bent bin in an easy chair for instance. Dr. Pierce's "pleasant Purgative Pellets" are small things, pleasant to take, and they cure sick-headaches, relieve torpid livers and do wonders. Being purely vegetable they cannot harm any one. All druggists,

ROYAL



BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.

JOHN CRANE,

—House, Sign and—

Ornamental Painter.

Graining, Glazing and Paper-hanging. All work neatly and promptly executed. Office and shop, south side of Third street, west of new jail.

HOPPER & MURPHY.

JEWELEY, ::

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware.

We have the exclusive sale of Dr. JULIUS KING'S SPECTACLES, which are pronounced by competent opticians the best in the market. Repairing Fine Watches a specialty. No. 43 Second street, Maysville, Ky.

MINER'S
\$3 SHOES!

For Gentlemen are ARE THE BEST OF ALL.

FIRST QUALITY TANNERY CALF.

DONGOLA TOPS.

VERY STYLISH.

CRIMPED TOPS.



SEAMLESS.

PERFECT FITTING.

Worked Button Holes

BUTTON, BALS and CONGRESS.

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

MINER'S SHOE STORE.

April 15th

SEASONABLE

THE FISHERY QUESTION.

LATEST CORRESPONDENCE ON THE CANADIAN FISHERY TROUBLE.

The English Government Proposes to Compromise the Whole Matter—A French Commissary Arrested by Germans—German Emigration Decreasing—Foreign.

LONDON, April 23.—The blue book containing the latest chapters of the Canadian fishery correspondence has been laid before parliament to-day. It supplements the correspondence on the subject which was made public at Washington in February last. From this it will be seen that the English government now proposes to compromise the whole matter by going back to the treaty of Washington instead of abiding by the arbitration of the mixed commission. This concession by the English government will, if accepted, do away with the necessity of the enforcement of the retaliation act by the president.

Lord Salisbury wrote a long dispatch on the 24th of March to Mr. White, setting forth the objections of the Canadian government to several passages in Mr. Bayard's dispatch which attributed unfriendly motives to their proceedings, and further communicating their denial of the charges brought against them by the state department. Lord Salisbury incloses a counter memorandum containing the observations of her majesty's government on the articles of Mr. Bayard's memorandum which show, he observes, that also the proposal of the United States government as it stands is not one which could be accepted by her majesty's government, still the latter were glad to think that the fact of such a proposition having been made afford the opportunity which, up to the present time, had not been offered, for an amicable comparison of the views entertained by the respective governments.

Her majesty's government would have no objection to the appointment of a mixed commission to determine the limits of these territorial waters within which, subject to the stipulations of the convention of 1818, the exclusive right of fishing belong to Great Britain.

But her majesty's government are inclined to propose another course which, in their opinion, would afford a temporary solution of the controversy equally creditable to both parties: Her majesty's government and the government of Canada in proof of their earnest desire to treat the question in a spirit of liberality and friendship and understanding the action of the United States is a great measure due to chagrin at being called on to pay \$100,000 under the Halifax fisheries award, are now willing to revert for the coming season, and if necessary for a further term, to the condition of things existing under the treaty of Washington without any suggestion of peculiar indamnity. This is a proposal which I trust will commend itself to your government as being based on that spirit of generosity and good will which should animate two great and kindred nations, whose common origin, language and institutions, constitute bonds of affinity and concord.

It is believed here that if Mr. Bayard insists on the nomination of a commission the English government will accept his view.

The Times says Lord Salisbury's offer to the United States government, looking to a settlement of the fisheries questions contained in the dispatch of March 24, is generous, and almost Quixotic. "To do more," says the Times, "would be weakness, and we are slow to believe that America will refuse to take advantage of what will cost her nothing."

Excitement Over an Arrest.

PARIS, April 22.—M. Schnabel, a special French commissary at the Pagny-Sur-Moselle depot, has been arrested by Germans. He had received several letters from the German police commissioner at Ars asking him to come to that place and confer with him regarding the frontier service. He finally agreed to do so. While on his way to Ars he was roughly seized by the German police and taken to Noyen, from which place he was sent to Metz.

The Metzer Zeitung says M. Schnabel's arrest is due to his connection with the anti-German agitation conducted by the Patriotic league; but the people of Pagny-Sur-Moselle declare this to be entirely untrue, and say that he had nothing to do with the agitation.

The incident has thrown the inhabitants of Metz and Nancy into the wildest state of excitement.

German Emigration Decreasing.

BERLIN, April 22.—An official report upon emigration has been presented to the reichstag. It shows that the number of emigrants from Germany who passed through Hamburg, Bremen and Stettin during the year 1886, was 66,671, or a decrease of over 22,000 from the previous year, when 88,900 persons left the empire. The report says, that on the other hand, the emigration from Austria, Hungary, Russia and Sweden and Norway, through the same ports in 1886, was largely in excess of that of 1885. Most of the German emigrants were from the farming districts of Prussia. None of them went to the American colonies.

Gladstone Prepared to Face Anything.

LONDON, April 22.—Mr. Gladstone, in a letter published to-day, says he does not desire a general election until the English mind has become as ripe as the Welsh and Scotch, but the time for such an event is rapidly approaching. Anyhow he is prepared to face anything in order to defeat coercion, and continues to hope for much from the vigorous action of the constituencies.

The German Clerical Bill.

BERLIN, April 22.—The clerical bill has passed the lower house of the German parliament. The National, Liberals, Progressives and a few Conservatives voted against the bill. Herr Windthorst declared that he had submitted to the desire of the pope in voting for the measure, but he would renew the fight if Catholic interests were affected. Prince Bismarck was present.

The Government Land Bill.

LONDON, April 22.—The second reading of the government land bill for the purchase of Irish holdings, or rather for the abolition of the system of dual ownership created by the act of 1881, will be reached in the house of lords to-night. The majority in favor of the measure will be large.

Illness of General Thomas J. Brady.

NEW YORK, April 22.—Gen. Thomas J. Brady, of Star route fame, is sick at Taylor's hotel, Jersey City. He has been confined to his room for three weeks, and only his intimate friends are allowed to see him. He is suffering from an abscess.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a Terse and Spicy Manner.

The West Virginia legislature will ballot for senator May 3.

Schnabel, the man popularly believed to have thrown the Haymarket bomb, is in Norway.

Minister Springer, Chicago, missing since Monday, was found, partially demented, not far from home.

George Clark, the millionaire hop dealer of Ossego county, New York, has failed with liabilities of \$1,000,000.

Leading newspapers west of the Mississippi will hereafter deal with railroads only on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Union Pacific stockholders are contemplating turning the main line over to the government to cancel their debt.

Natalia, daughter of a Russian army officer, has left her husband, King Milan, of Servia, alleging infidelity.

Three officers of the Japanese army are in New York. They were sent abroad to study the army tactics of different nations.

Pitcher McCormick, of Chicago, has been sold to Pittsburg. The California pitcher, Van Halteren, and \$2,500 was the price.

Services in memory of the late President Arthur were held in the assembly chamber at Albany, N. Y., Wednesday evening.

Mayor Kelly, of Springfield, O., notified the John L. Sullivan combination that they would not be allowed to show in that city.

The police at Kieff and Odessa discovered plots to kill the czar by blowing up the train when the czar visits southern Russia.

Queen Kapiloani, of the Hawaiian kingdom, has arrived in San Francisco on her way to England to attend the queen's jubilee.

It is the purpose of the city hall commission to have the new building ready for occupancy before the old building is torn down.

Michigan legislature threatened all sorts of vengeance when the railroads called in passes. This so frightened the railroads that the passes were returned.

Gabriel Von Burlow, last surviving child of William Von Humboldt, and niece of Alexander Von Humboldt, the famous scientist, was buried at Berlin Wednesday.

Henry Damme, Edwardsville, Ill., jailed for beating his wife and unable to obtain bail, hanged himself in his cell. His body was scarcely cold when his lawyer called to release him, having secured a bond.

H. M. Dakin, Michigan legislator, is in hot water and will probably lose his seat by offering for sale to any interest having bills to pass, a list of fifteen fellow members of the legislature and their price per vote.

The executive committee of the Second, Third and Fourth districts of the Stove Founders' Defense association resolved at a meeting at Rochester, N. Y., to close the Western foundries and throw all the work to the east.

BASE BALL.—Cincinnati 14, Cleveland 6; St. Louis 9, Louisville 6; Baltimore 8, Athletic 2; Brooklyn 12, Metropolitan 3; Pittsburgh 12, Altoona 1; New York 8, Jersey City 2; Washington 13, Toronto 6; Nashville 12, Charleston 8.

A bond call for \$10,000,000 is expected during the week, and this will leave but \$9,000,000 of the three per cent. to be redeemed before the end of the present fiscal year. After that time the surplus in the treasury will go on rolling up at the rate of \$1,000,000 a day, which is about the average of the government receipts.

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WASHINGON, April 22.—Fair weather, followed by local rains, variable winds, generally southerly, stationary temperature.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations of the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for April 21.

NEW YORK—Money 5@6 per cent. Exchange steady. Government steady.

Currency sixes, 123/4 bid; fours coupons 129/4; fours-and-halves, 110/4 bid.

The stock market this morning opened strong and so continued up to the first call on a moderate buying. Prices at 10:30 were up 1/4 to 1/2 per cent. But this was lost before midday by a raid on the leading stocks, and at noon prices were down 1/2 to 1/4 per cent., with an exceptional break in Manhattan from 160/4 to 156, caused by selling of long stock, the result of the defeat of the Broadway elevated railroad bill by the legislature. At the present writing all the market is steadier, and prices show some recovery.

BUR. & QUINCY.....144/6 Mich. Central.....98

Canada Pacific.....96/4 Missouri Pacific.....109

Canadian Southern.....62/4 N. Y. Central.....113/4

Central Pacific.....41/6 Northwestern.....120

C. C. & I.....65/6 Northern Pacific.....30/6

Del. & Hudson.....103/4 do. preferred.....61/4

Del. & Hudson W.....132/4 Ohio Miss.....31/4

Denver & Rio G.....35 Pacific Mail.....50/2

Pacific & Int'l.....31/4 Reading.....50/2

Illinois Central.....135/4 Rock Island.....118/4

Jersey Central.....82/4 St. Paul.....92/4

Kansas & Texas.....82/4 do. preferred.....119/4

Lake Shore.....95/4 Union Pacific.....61/4

Louisville & Nash.....64/2 Western Union.....76/2

CINCINNATI.....100/2 Mich. Central.....98

FLOUR—Fancy, \$3.85@4.10; family, \$3.50@

WHEAT—No. 3 red, 77@80c; No. 2, 82@85c.

CORN—No. 2 mixed, 54@56c; No. 2 mixed, 41@43c.

OATS—No. 3 mixed, 50@52c; No. 2 mixed, 41@43c.

PORK—Family, \$15.75@16.65; regular, \$16.50@

LARD—Kettle, 73@75c.

BACON—Short, clear sides, 9c.

CHEESE—From choice Olio, 11@12c; New York, 10@11c.

POULTRY—Common chickens, \$2.50@2.80 per dozen; fowl to prime, \$1.50@1.70; choice, \$3.75@

4.00; ducks, \$2.50@2.80; live turkeys, \$6.75@

Wool—Unwashed medium clothing, 25@26c;

fine merino, 28@29c; common, 15@16c; fine

merino, 28@29c; combing, 30@32c; fine

cotton, 16@18c; tan washed, 28@30c; pulled, 30c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, No. 2, 75@78c; No. 3, 60@65c; No. 4, 50@55c; No. 5, 40@45c; No. 6, 30@35c; No. 7, 20@25c.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$3.85@4.00;

fair, \$2.75@3.15; common, \$1.75@2.20; stockers

and feeders, \$1.75@2.40; yearlings and calves, \$2.75@3.15.

HOGS—Select butchers, \$3.45@3.60; fair to

good, \$2.50@2.75; common, \$1.75@2.10;

sheep, \$1.50@1.75; culs, \$1.00@1.25.

SHOES—Common to fair, \$2.75@3.00; good to

choice, \$3.00@4.10; common to fair lambs, \$3.00@

4.00; good to choice, \$3.50@4.50.

NEW YORK—WHEAT—No. 1 state red, 90@94c; No. 2 red winter, 82@84c; June, 92@94c.

CORN—Mixed, 50@54c; May, 48@52c.

OATS—No. 1 white state, 88@90c; No. 2, 83@86c.

CATTLE—Steers, 1,200 head; Philadelphia, \$4.80@5.00;

Yorks, \$5.50@5.65; com. and light, \$3.40@

5.00; hogs, \$3.25.

SHOES—Satin; prime, \$4.00@4.30; fair to good, \$3.50@3.75; common, 1.50@2.00; lambs, \$3.50@

5.00. Receipts, 1,900 head.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Steers, 1,200; shipments, 95.

Prime, \$5.00@5.25; fair to good, 14.00@14.50;

HOGS—Fair; receipts, 1,200 head; shipments, 1,200; Philadelphia, \$4.80@5.00;

Yorks, \$5.50@5.65; com. and light, \$3.40@

5.00; culs, \$3.25.

SHOES—Satin; prime, \$4.00@4.30; fair to good, \$3.50@3.75; common, 1.50@2.00; lambs, \$3.50@

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